# INCORPORATED IN THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA WITH LIMITED LIABILITY

# **AUDITORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 ( FOR TRANSLATION ONLY )

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#### **AUDITORS' REPORT**

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF AND MEMBERS OF PIDILITE INDUSTRIES TRADING (SHANGHAI) CO.,LTD.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Pidilite Industries Trading (Shanghai) Co.Ltd. as of April 1,2020- March 31, 2021( (hereinafter referred to as "Company"), which comprise the balance sheets, the income statement, cash flow and the changes in equity for the year then ended, as well as a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. These financial statements have been agreed upon by the Company's management and SHANGHAI ZHONGQINWANXIN CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS based on the first part of the engagement letter signed on March 31, 2021.

## I. Responsibility of management

Management is responsible for the financial reporting requirements in accordance with the first part of the engagement letter, preparation of financial statements and is responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of the necessary internal controls, in order to make the financial statements that are free of material misstatement due to fraud or error.

## II. Responsibility of auditors

Our responsibility is to express an audit opinion on the financial statements on the basis of the implementation of the audit work. We performed audit work in accordance with the provisions of the Certified Public Accountants Auditing Standards. Chinese Certified Public Accountants Auditing Standards require that we comply with the Code of Ethics of Certified Public Accountants and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence related to the financial statements of the amounts and disclosures. The selected procedures depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements due to fraud or error. During the risk assessment, considering of Certified Public Accountants and financial statement preparation and fair presentation of the relevant internal control, CPA designs appropriate audit procedures, but not the purpose of the effectiveness of internal controls to express their views.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## III. Audit opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of Pidilite Industries Trading (Shanghai) Co.,Ltd. as of March 31, 2021, and of its financial performance and its east flows for the year then ended in accordance with the requirements of both the Accounting Standards and Accounting Regulations for Business Enterprises.

SHANGHAI ZHONGQINWANXIN CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS CO., LTD

Date: April 15,/2021()



BALANCE SHEET AS OF MARCH 31, 2021			(CURRENCY: RMB)
<u>ASSETS</u>	NOTES	<u>2021.3.31</u>	2020.3.31
CURRENT ASSETS  Cash and bank balance  Amount due from related company  Other receivables  Deferred expenses  TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4	364,614.47 766,648.24 45,593.54 6,466.24 1,183,322.49	198,508.00 703,450.79 9,488.00 4,320.00 915,766.79
FIXED ASSETS  Fixed assets - cost  Less: accumulated depreciation  FIXED ASSETS - NET VALUE  Long-term deferred expenses  TOTAL ASSETS	6.5 6.5	20,417.10 18,375.39 2,041.71 - 1,185,364.20	20,417.10 18,375.39 2,041.71 - 917,808.50
			(continued)

The annexed Notes form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

The financial statements on pages 2 to 11 were signed by the following:

General Manager Accounting Manager

# BALANCE SHEET (continued) AS OF MARCH 31, 2021

(CURRENCY: RMB)

LIABILITIES AND OWNER'S EQUITY	NOTES	<u>2021.3.31</u>	2020.3.31
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	6.6	12,450.00	12,450.00
Tax payable	6.7	7,377.39	8,081.03
Accrued expenses	6.8	16,877.50	3,308.00
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		36,704.89	23,839.03
TOTAL LIABILITIES		36,704.89	23,839.03
OWNER'S EQUITY			
Paid-in capital	6.9	958,005.00	958,005.00
Accumulated profit	6.10	190,654.31	(64,035.53)
TOTAL OWNER'S EQUITY		1,148,659.31	893,969.47
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND OWNER'S EQUITY		1,185,364.20	917,808.50
			(concluded)

The annexed Notes form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

# INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

(CURRENCY: RMB)

	NOTES	2020.4.1-2021.3.31	2019.4.1-2020.3.31
Export sales	6.11	940,439.18	822,053.40
Less: Export Cost	6.11	634,485.73	626,018.94
Add: Other Revenue	6.11	974,527.96	704,450.79
Gross profit		1,280,481.41	900,485.25
Less: Operating expenses		×-	
General and administrative expenses	6.12	1,006,233.54	1,079,198.03
Financial expenses (income)	6.13	19,558.03	(32,990.25)
Income from operations		254,689.84	(145,722.53)
Add: Subsidy income		# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	~
Add: Non-operating incomes		₩	-
Less: Non-operating expenses		<u> </u>	() P.
Income before tax		254,689.84	(145,722.53)
Less: Income tax			
Net income for the period		254,689.84	(145,722.53)
			(concluded)

The annexed Notes form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

# CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

2		(CURRENCY: RMB)
	2020.4.1-2021.3.31	2019.4.1-2020.3.31
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from sales of goods or rendering of services	1,899,358.25	1,867,669.18
Tax refund received	9≠	. <del></del>
Other cash received relating to operating activities	1,128.23	349.40
Sub-total of cash inflows	1,900,486.48	1,868,018.58
Cash paid for goods and services	636,631.97	625,518.94
Cash paid to and on behalf of employees	611,013.68	399,567.42
Tax paid	63,479.84	41,726.61
Other cash paid relating to operating activities	405,222.31	677,094.68
Sub-total of cash outflows	1,716,347.80	1,743,907.65
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	184,138.68	124,110.93
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets and		
other long-term assets	( <u> </u>	
Sub-total of cash inflows	<del></del>	·
Cash paid to acquire fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-		
term assets		-
Sub-total of cash outflows		
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from investors		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Sub-total of cash inflows		
Cash repayments for amounts borrowed	-	<b>5</b>
Cash payments for distribution of dividends, interest expenses	·	
Sub-total of cash outflows	=	
Net Cash Flows from Financing Activities		-
Effect of Foreign Exchange Rate Changes on Cash	(18,032.21)	38,306.85
NET INCREASE IN CASH	166,106.47	162,417.78
Add:Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	198,508.00	36,090.22
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	364,614.47	198,508.00
		(continued)

The annexed Notes form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

	Share capital	Surplus reserve	Retained earnings	Total
	(Rmb)	(Rmb)	(Rmb)	(Rmb)
Balance at 1 April 2019	958,005.00	-	81,687.00	1,039,692.00
Profit for the year	_	**	(145,722.53)	(145,722.53)
Issue of share capital			_	-
Balance at 31 March 2020	958,005.00		(64,035.53)	893,969.47
Balance at 1 April 2020	958,005.00	-	(64,035.53)	893,969.47
Profit for the year	-		254,689.84	254,689.84
Issue of share capital	(au)		=	-
Balance at 31 March 2021	958,005.00	( <b></b> )	190,654.31	1,148,659.31

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

#### 1. COMPANY BACKGROUND AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Pidilite Industries Trading (Shanghai) Co.,Ltd.(the "Company") was established in Shanghai, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") by PIDILITE INTERNATIONAL PTE.LTD. as a wholly foreign owned enterprise on November 22, 2010 and obtained the business license numbered 91310000564784808W.The registered capital of the Company was USD150,000,the legal representative is Amol Devidas Ubhayakar.

The main business of the company is Wholesale, commission agency (excluding auction) and import & export of adhesive, sealants, construction and paint chemicals (except dangerous goods), automotive chemicals, art materials, industrial and textile resins, leather chemicals, organic pigments and preparations, coating, emulsion paints, bitumen based waterproofing products, intermediate chemicals and provision of the associated repair and maintenance services, technical consultancy relating to such products (the commodities herein exclude the ones which are subject to state operated trade administration; where an administrative quota/license is required for such commodities, such quota/license shall be obtained in accordance with the applicable regulations) (where an administrative approval is required for such business, such administrative approval shall be obtained).

## 2. Preparation of financial statements

These financial statements are prepared based on both the Accounting Standards and Accounting Regulations for Business Enterprises.

#### 3. Declaration

These financial statements conform the Accounting Standards and Accounting Regulations for bossiness Enterprises, which veritably and integrally reflects the financial position, results from operation, cash flow and other information related.

# 4. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# 4.1 Accounting system and accounting standards adopted

The Company has adopted the "Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises", the "Accounting System for Business Enterprises" and the supplementary regulations thereto.

Basis of accounting and principles of measurement

The Company has adopted the accrual basis of accounting and uses the historical cost convention as the principle of measurement. Where an impairment loss should be recognized, the impairment loss is recognized in accordance with the applicable accounting standards.

## 4.2 Accounting period

The Company's accounting period starts on 1 April and ends on 31 March.

# 4.3 Reporting currency

The Company uses the Renminbi (RMB) as its reporting currency.

## 4.4 Accounting and pricing basis

Accrual basis accounting is adopted and the value of all assets are to be recorded on historical costs.

#### 4.5 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into RMB at the applicable rate of exchange ("market exchange rate") prevailing at the time of occurrence of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated into RMB at the exchange rates prevailing in the market at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising from these translations are taken to the profit and loss account.

#### 4.6 Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

## 4.7 Provision for bad debts

## a Criteria for recognition of bad debts

Bad debt is recognized when debtors are bankrupt or dead, or accounts are overdue for more than two years or circumstances of debtors indicate uncollectability of the overdue balances.



- b Provision for bad debts are provided for using "provision method".
- c. The Company makes provision for specific doubtful accounts in respect of overdue balances of accounts receivables and other receivables when circumstances of financial status and cash flow of debtors at each period end indicate doubtful collection. When the bad debt is actually recognized after appropriate approval procedures, the balances are written off against provision.

#### 4.8 Inventory costing method

a Classification of inventory

Inventories are classified as commodities.

b Inventory costing and pricing method

Inventories are accounted for using actual costing method which is determined by using the transactional weighted average method.

#### c. Inventory system

The Company adopts perpetual inventory system as its inventory system.

d Recognition and provision for loss on realization of inventories

Inventory is carried at the lower of cost or net realizable value. A provision for inventory has been made based on the excess of the original cost of the inventory over its net realizable value.

#### 4.9 Fixed assets and depreciation

a Criteria for recognition of fixed assets

Building, properties, machinery and equipment, motor vehicles, toolings, etc. used in the production process and with estimated useful lives of more than 1 year are accounted as fixed assets. Other equipment of more than RMB 2,000 in value and with estimated useful lives of 2 years or more are also recorded as fixed assets.

b Classification of fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost and classified as vehicles, office and other equipment.

c. Recognition and impairment provision for fixed assets

At each year end after inspection of each fixed asset, if the recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount due to continually decreasing market value, or technology obsolescence, damages or long-term idle assets, an impairment provision is made based on the difference of each fixed asset.

d Method of depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of each category of fixed assets over their estimated useful lives from the month after they are put into operation. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each category of the fixed assets as follows:

Category of fixed assets	Estimated useful life	Residual Value	depreciation
Electronic equipment	3 years	10%	30%

#### 4.10 Revenue recognition

Revenue from the sale of goods

Revenue for the sale of goods are recognized when all the following conditions have been satisfied: i) the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have been transferred to buyers; ii) neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold are retained by the Company; iii) it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; iv) and the relevant amount of revenue and costs can be measured reliably.

# 4.11 Accounting method for income tax

Income tax is provided under the tax effect accounting method. The income tax provision is calculated based on the accounting results for the year as adjusted in accordance with the relevant tax laws. Due to different recognition periods for revenue, expenses and losses under the tax rules and accounting requirements, there are timing differences between accounting profit before tax and taxable income. The tax effect of timing differences, computed under the liability method, is recognized as deferred tax in the financial statements. However, a deferred tax debit resulting from timing differences is recognized and presented as a deferred debit only if sufficient taxable income is expected during the period of their reversal. Otherwise, the differences are treated as if they were permanent differences.

#### 5. Taxation



Annual rate of

5.1 VAT

13% VAT is calculated based on revenue and sales of goods

5.2 Income tax

25% of taxable income.

# 6. Notes to the financial statements

6.1	Cash			
			2021.3.31	2020.3.31
			RMB	RMB
	Cash on hand		612.95	859.65
	Cash in bank		364,001.52	197,648.35
	Total	-	364,614.47	198,508.00
6.2	Accounts receivable			
0.2	Accounts receivable		2021.3.31	2020.3.31
			RMB	RMB
	Amount due from related company-Pidilite Industries Ltd		766,648.24	703,450.79
	Total	_	766,648.24	703,450.79
	Total	<b>!=</b>	700,010.21	705,150.75
6.3	Other receivables			
			2021.3.31	2020.3.31
			RMB	RMB
	The deposit		9,488.00	9,488.00
	Export rebate	7 <del>1</del>	36,105.54	
	Total	( <u>-</u>	45,593.54	9,488.00
6.4	Deferred expenses			
67533.01	Secretary of Council		2021.3.31	2020.3.31
			RMB	RMB
	Network fee		4,320.00	4,320.00
	Insurance		2,146.24	
	Total	_	6,466.24	4,320.00
	,	_		
	- 1 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
6.5	Fixed assets and accumulated depreciation	Office		
		equipment		Total
		RMB		RMB
	Cont	KIMD		KPID
	Cost	20,417.10		20,417.10
	At April. 1, 2020 Additions	20,417.10		20,117.10
		-		500 524
	Disposals	20,417.10	-	20,417.10
	At March. 31, 2021	20,417.10	-	20,417.10
	Accumulated depreciation			
	At April. 1, 2020	18,375.39		18,375.39
	Provided for the year	·-		
	Eliminated on disposals			
	At March. 31, 2021	18,375.39	-	18,375.39
	Net value			
	At April. 1, 2020	2,041.71		2,041.71
	At March. 31, 2021	2,041.71	-	2,041.71
	AC March, 31, 2021	2,011.71	=	



<sup>\*</sup> Corporate tax standard rate is 25%, small low-profit enterprise will have 5% tax deduction; And there is comprehensive tax relief policy valid from 17 Jan, 2019 to 31st Mar, 2021 for Small&Micro Enterprise which Portion of less than CNY 1 Million , the tax rate is 5% (20% preferential corporate income tax\*25% actual taxable income)

6.6	Accounts payable			
0.0	7.000.000 pay 2010	202	1.3.31	2020.3.31
		RM	1B	RMB
	Statutory audit fee	-	12,450.00	12,450.00
	Total		12,450.00	12,450.00
6.7	Tax payable			
		202	1.3.31	2020.3.31
		R	MB	RMB
	Value added tax		6,571.03	5,956.20
	Tax for maintaining and building cities		-	416.93
	Education supplementary tax		-	178.69
	Local education supplementary tax		-	119.12
	Individual income tax		806.36	1,410.09
	Total	-	7,377.39	8,081.03
6.8	Accrued expenses			
		202	1.3.31	2020.3.31
		RM	1B	RMB
	Express courier		6,360.00	3,308.00
	Freight fee		10,517.50	
	Total	-	16,877.50	3,308.00
6.9	Paid in capital	PIDILITE US\$	INTERNAION %	IAL PTE.LTD.  RMB Equivalent
		ОЗФ	70	KIID Equivalent
	At 1 April 2020	150,000.00	100%	958,005.00
	At 31 March 2021	150,000.00	100%	958,005.00
	The above capital contributed by the investors have been verified by Chinese Certified Pub	olic Accountants.		
6.10	Accumulated profit			
			1.3.31	2020.3.31
			RMB	RMB
	At 1 April		(64,035.53)	81,687.00
	Add: Net profit for the period	4	254,689.84	(145,722.53)
	Less: Net loss for the period		-	
	adjustment of prior years At 31 March	3	190,654.31	(64,035.53)
	At 51 March	:	190,031.31	(01,033,33)
6.11	Export sales	2020 4 4	2021.2.24	2010 4 1 2020 2 21
			2021.3.31 RMB	2019.4.1-2020.3.31 RMB
	Funant calca		940,439.18	822,053.40
	Export sales		634,485.73	626,018.94
	Less: Export Cost Add: Other Revenue			
	ALCO COLLEG REVENUE		4/4 5// Uh	704 450 79
	Total		974,527.96 280,481.41	704,450.79 900,485.25

# 6.12 General and administrative expenses

	General and administrative expenses		
		2020.4.1-2021.3.31	2019.4.1-2020.3.31
		RMB	RMB
	Salaries	450,053.93	298,187.62
	Welfare expense	160,959.75	101,379.80
	Office supplies	6,505.15	11,954.23
	Telephone fee	4,352.81	4,863.93
	Express fee	28,296.06	58,574.56
	Freight Charge	20,407.50	12,261.20
	Service fee	72,521.07	69,120.96
	Rental fee	138,656.10	175,478.98
	Energy fee	2,050.15	2,146.04
	Entertainment fee	12,864.00	119,545.60
	Traffic fee	2,543.63	4,858.41
	Inspection fee	2	136,331.61
	Travel fee	25,351.42	#
	Sample fee	10,191.77	2,974.79
	Tax Expenses	4,985.17	5,342.52
	Other misc expenses	3,165.01	5,168.06
	Statutory audit fee	11,745.28	11,773.59
	VAT expense	51,584.74	59,236.13
	Total	1,006,233.54	1,079,198.03
13	Financial expenses		
	a	2020 4 1-2021 3 31	2019 4 1-2020 3 31

## 6.13

2020.4.1-2021.3.31	2019.4.1-2020.3.31
RMB	RMB
(1,128.23)	(349.40)
18,032.21	(38,306.85)
2,654.05	5,666.00
19,558.03	(32,990.25)
	RMB (1,128.23) 18,032.21 2,654.05

# 7. Post balance sheet events and non-adjusted events

Up to the reporting date, the Company has no post balance sheet events and non-adjusted events occurred which will influence the fair presentation of the Financial Statements.

# 8. Other important events

During the reporting period, there are no other important events occurred which influence the fair presentation of the Financial Statements.

