# KHANNA & PANCHMIA CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Madhumala Ventures Private Limited (Erstwhile Madhumala Traders Private Limited)

Report on the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

## **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Ind AS financial statements of **Madhumala Ventures Private Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other comprehensive Income) the Cash Flow Statement and the statement of changes in the Equity for the year then ended and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act,2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standard prescribed under section 133 of the Act read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules ,2015, (Ind AS) and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2022, and its loss, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and changes in the equity for the year ended on that date.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Standalone Ind AS financial statements.

## Information Other than the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the Standalone Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Standalone Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134 (5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including Other comprehensive Income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including Ind AS. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Standalone Ind AS Financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone And AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone Ind AS financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating

the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the Annexure "A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- (c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial control over financial reporting.
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has not paid/provided any managerial remuneration under the provisions of section 197 read with schedule V of the Company Act, 2013, hence reporting under section 197 of the Act is not applicable.

- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
  - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts; as such the question of commenting on any material foreseeable losses thereon does not arise;
  - There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.
  - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
    - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
    - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11 (e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
  - v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year hence no compliance is required with Section 123 of the Companies Act 2013

Place: Mumbai

Date: 10<sup>th</sup> May 2022

UDIN # 22038985AJCNOF8716

For Khanna & Panchmia Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 136041W

Ketan Panchmia

Partner Membership No. 038985

## Annexure "A" to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 under the heading of "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report of even date)

- (i) The Company has no Property Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets hence maintaining particulars of such assets and physical verification of the same does not arise. Also, Company does not have any immovable properties. Accordingly, provisions of Clause 3(i) (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) of the Order are not applicable.
- (ii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any inventory; hence reporting under Clause 3(ii) (a),(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, during the year, the Company has made investments in companies but not in firms, Limited Liability Partnerships, and has not granted unsecured loans to other parties. Further, the Company has not provided any guarantee or security or granted any advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Hence reporting under clause 3(iii), (iii)(a), (iii)(c), (iii)(d), (iii)(e) and (iii)(f) of the Order are not applicable. Further, as per information available to us, investments made are not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provision of Section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees and securities, as applicable.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public. Accordingly, Clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vi) The Cost records prescribed under Section 148(1) of the Act are not applicable to the Company and hence Clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Custom duty, Excise duty, value added tax, cess and other statutory dues as applicable with the appropriate authorities. There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Services Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income tax, Sales Tax, Customs Duty, Excise Duty, Value Added Tax, Cess and other statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they become payable.

(b) According to information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, there were no dues which have not been deposited in respect of statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) above on account of any dispute.

- (viii) There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- (ix) In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any loans or borrowings from bank, financial institutions and other lender hence, reporting under clause 3(ix) (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) of the order is not applicable.
- (x) (a) In our opinion and according to information and explanation given to us, the Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial Public Offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, Clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xi) (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
  - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year.
  - (c) According to information and explanations given to us there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) As the Company is not Nidhi Company, the reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year provisions of section 138 relating to Internal Audit System are not applicable to Company, hence, reporting under clause 3(xiv)(a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable.

- (xvi) In our opinion and according to explanation given to us as on 31st March 2022, the Company is in due process of obtaining the registration under the said regulations/act.
  - Further, the reporting under Clause 3(xvi)(b) and 3(xvii)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company
- (xvii) The Company has incurred cash loss of Rs during the current financial year and, however there is cash loss of Rs.8,047.01 thousands during the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the Statutory Auditors of the Company during the year.
- On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- Currently Provisions of Section 135(5) of the Companies Act are not applicable to the (xx)Company, hence reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable

For Khanna & Panchmia **Chartered Accountants** Firm Reg. No. 136041W

Kijai Par

Ketan Panchmia **Partner** 

Membership No. 038985

Place: Mumbai

Date: 10th May 2022

UDIN # 22038985AJCNOF8716

## Annexure "B" to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in Paragraph 2(f) under the heading of "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Madhumala Ventures Private Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

## Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

## Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

## Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion, to the best of information and explanations given to us, the Company has, in all materials respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such financial controls over financial reporting are operating effectively as at March 31, 2022 based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Khanna & Panchmia Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 136041W

> Ketan Panchmia Partner

Ketan Paner and

Membership No. 038985

Place: Mumbai

Date: 10th May 2022

UDIN # 22038985AJCNOF8716

(Erstwhile	Madhumala	Traders	Pvt.Ltd.)	ı
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ance sheet as at 31st March, 2022						(Rs. in '000')
		Notes		(Rs.)	31st March, 2022 (Rs.)	31st March, 2021 (Rs.)
ASSETS						
1. Non-current assets						
Financial Assets						
Investments	F.	3		1,867,926.78		1,443,396.
Other non current assets	Ø.	4	3-	0.64	. 217 227 42 7	112.204
					1,867,927.42	1,443,396.
2. Current assets						
Financial Assets		_		420 DEE 24		4 490
i) Cash and cash equivalents		5		129,355.26		4,480
Other current assets		6	-	70.39	129,425.65	108 4,589
					127,423.03	7,007
			Total		1,997,353.07	1,447,985
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
Equity						
1. Shareholders' funds						
a) Equity Share Capital		7		2,415.00		1,750
b) Other Equity		8		1,994,846.62		1,446,000
b) other equity			-		1,997,261.62	1,447,751
LIABILITIES	J.					
2. Current liabilities						
a)Financial liabilities						
i)Trade payables		9				
Total outstanding dues of micro & sma	all enterprises			Э		•
Total outstanding dues of others				82.95	82.95	20
b)Other financial liabilities		10			8.50	
ii) Current tax liabilities		11			Æ	20
Total Equity and Liabilities			Total	?	1,997,353.07	1,447,98
Summary of significant accounting policies	<b>?</b> S	2	Total		1,500,500	

As per our report of even date

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

For Khanna & Panchmia Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg. No. 136041W

Ketan Panchmia

Partner

Membership No. 038985

Dated: 10th May 2022

For and on behalf of the Board

P.C.Patel

Director

B.O. Mehta

Director

(Erstwhile Madhumala Traders Pvt.Ltd.)			(D. 1. 1000)
Statement of profit and loss for the year	ended 31st March 2022		(Rs. in '000')
	Notes	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
		(Rs.)	(Rs.)
income		,	, ,
Other Income	12	251.44	832.30
Total revenue (I)		251.44	832.30
Expenses			
Other expenses	13	274.92	8,199.02
Total expenses (II)		274.92	8,199.02
Profit/(loss) for the year		(23.48)	(7;366.72)
Tax expense			
Current tax		22.12	205.00
Short/excess income tax provision of earlie	er year	26.94	78.00
Profit/(loss) for the year		(72.54)	(7,649.72)
Other Comprehensive Income		(72.54)	(7,640,72)
Total Comprehensive Income		(72.54)	(7,649.72)
Earning per share	14		
Basic		(0.30)	(43.70)
Diluted		(0.30)	(43.70)
Summary of significant accounting policies	2		
The accompanying notes are an integral pa			

As per our report of even date

For Khanna & Panchmia **Chartered Accountants** Firm Reg. No. 136041W

Keary Paucrump

Ketan Panchmia Partner Membership No. 038985

Mumbai

Dated: 10th May 2022

For and on behalf of the Board

P.C. Patel Director

B.O. Mehta

Director

Statement of changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March, 2022

a. Equity Share Capital	Amount ( Rs.)
Balance at April 1, 2020	1,623.95
Changes in equity share capital during the year	126.50
Balance at March 31, 2021	1,750.45
Changes in equity share capital during the year	664.55
Balance at March 31, 2022	2,415.00

	F	Total (Rs.)			
b. Other Equity (Rs. )	Share Premium (Rs.)	General Reserve ( Rs.)	Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss (Rs.)	` '	
Balance at April 1, 2020	1,263,354.55	11.10	85,416.43	1,348,782.08	
Profit / (loss) for the year	120	*	(7,649.72)	(7,649.72	
Changes during the year (12,650 shares issued at a premium of Rs. 8,290/- per share)	104,868 50	ě	3	104,868.50	
Balance at March 31, 2021	1,368,223 05	11.10	77,766.71	1,446,000.86	
Profil/ (loss) for the year	56		(72.54)	(72.54	
Changes during the year (66,455 shares issued at a premium of Rs. 8,260/- per share)	548,918.30	×	*	548,918.30	
Balance at March 31, 2022	1,917,141.35	11.10	77,694.17	1,994,846 62	

As per our report of even date

For Khanna & Panchmia Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 136041W

Ketan Panchmia

Partner

Membership No. 038985

Mumbai

Dated: 10th May 2022

For and on behalf of the Board

P.C. Patel

Director

B.O. Mehta Director

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MADHUMALA VENTURES PVT.LTD. (Erstwhile Madhumala Traders Pvt.Ltd.)

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Cash flow statement for the year ended 31st March, 2022

(Rs. in '000')

*	31 March 2022 ( Rs.)	31 March 2021 ( Rs.)
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit/(loss) for the year after tax	(72.54)	(7,649.72)
Less: Income tax expense recognised in profit or loss	22.12	205.00
Profit/(loss) before tax	(50.42)	(7,444.72)
Adjustments for:		
Movements In working capital:		
(Increase)/decrease in other assets	37.46	143.92
Increase/(decrease) in other liabilties	(218.622)	27
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	53.45	*:
Cash generated from Operations	(178.13)	(7,300.80)
Interest and other finance expenses	15	65
Income taxes paid		
Cash Flow before extraordinary items	(178.13)	(7,300.80)
Extraordinary Items		
Net Cash-from Operating Activities (A)	(178.13)	(7,300.80)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Sale/(Purchase) of financial assets (Net)	(424,530.09)	(133,481.87)
Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities (B)	(424,530.09)	(133,481.87)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from issue of share capital	664.55	126.50
Proceeds from issue of share premium	548,918.30	104,868.50
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities (C)	549,582.85	104,995.00
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	124,874.62	(35,787.67)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	4,480.64	40,268.30
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	129,355.26	4,480.63
Components of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand	1.58	1.58
Balances with banks - in current accounts	129,353.68	4,479.05
Total cash and cash equivalents	129,355.26	4,480.63
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As per our report of even date

For Khanna & Panchmia Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No.: 136041W

Summary of significant accounting policies

Ketan Panchmia Partner

Membership No. 038985

Dated: 10th May 2022

For and on behalf of the Board

P.C. Patel

B.O. Mehta Director

#### MADHUMALA VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED

(Erstwhile Madhumala Traders Private Limited)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2022.

## Note 1 Corporate Information

The Company was incorporated in 1989 and is engaged in investment activity.

## **Note 2 Significant Accounting Policies**

**2.1** The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) rules, 2015.

## 2.2 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, the directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

## 2.3 Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

## 2.4 Financial Assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Debt instruments that meet conditions based on purpose of holding assets and contractual terms of instrument are subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective interest method. All other financial assets are measured at fair value.

Income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as at FVTPL. Interest income is recognised in profit or loss and is included in the "Other income" line item.

#### 2.5 Taxation

## Accounting for Taxes on Income

Income tax expense comprises current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the income tax law), deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period). Current tax expense is recognised on an annual basis under the taxes payable method, based on the estimated tax liability computed after taking credit for allowances and exemption in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961. In case of matters under appeal due to disallowance or otherwise, full provision is made when the said liabilities are accepted by the Company.

#### **Deferred Taxation**

The deferred tax resulting from timing differences between book and tax profits is accounted for under the liability method, at the current rate of tax, to the extent that the timing differences are expected to crystallize. Deferred tax assets are recognized and carried forward only if there is a virtual/reasonable certainty that they will be realized and are reviewed for appropriate of their respective carrying values at each balance sheet date.

## 2.6 Provisions and contingencies

The Company creates a provision when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, and in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on best estimates required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date.

Provisions involving substantial degree of estimation in measurement are recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that there will be an outflow of resources. Contingent Liabilities are not recognized but are disclosed in the notes.

Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

## 2.7 Earnings per share

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard 33 - Earnings per Share. Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity shareholder by weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the reporting year.

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(Rs. in '000')

Notes			(Rs. in '000')
3	Financial Assets - Investments - Non-Current	As at 31st March 2022 (Rs.)	As at 31st March 2021 (Rs.)
	Investments in Partnership Firm		
	Capital Account Current Account	195.30	5,000 (2,869)
	Investments -Others (Unquoted) Investment in Associates		
[1]	Investment in Equity Shares		
(i)	Apakapainter SolutionsPvt.Ltd.  1 No. of Series A Equily Share of face value of Rs.10/- per share.	12,31	12 31
	99 Equity shares of face value of Rs. 10/- per share.	1,218.69	1,218 69
	333 Equity shares of face value of Rs, 10/- per share.	11,856 49	č#
	176 Equily shares of face value of Rs. 10/- per share.	6,230,89	=
	175 Equity shares of face value of Rs. 10/- per share.	6,266.50	54
	119 Equily shares of face value of Rs.10/- per share.	4,237.01	
[11]	Investment in Preference Shares		
(i)	Apakapainter SolutionsPvt.Ltd.		
(-7	1,525 Series A Cumulative Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares (CCCPS) with face value of Rs. 100/-	18,772,75	18,772,75
	2437 Series A Cumulative Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares (CCCPS) with face value of Rs. 100/- per share.	29,999,47	29,999,47
	4,686 Series A1 Cumulative Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares (CCCPS) with face value of Rs. 100/- per share.	125,151.89	(27)
(ii)	Karwaan Eduventures Pvt.Ltd. 406 nos 0.001% Cumulative Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares (CCCP) with	37,500,19	82.
	Investment in Other Entity		
[111]	Investment In Equity Shares		
(1)	Homevista Décor & Furnishings Pvt.Ltd.  1,19,039 Equity Shares with face value of Rs. 10/- per share.	48,723,85	(18)
	The section of the state of the		
(ii)	Constrobot Robotics Pvt.Ltd.	14,999.83	
	1,26,752 Equity shares of face value of Rs.1/- 5,155 Equity shares of face value of Rs.1/	650.05	160
(111)	1,000 Equily Shares of face value of Rs.10/-	10.00	
	1,000 Equity Smales of face value of Namor-III		
(iv)	Finemake Technologies Private Limited	44.77	
	1 Equity Shares of face value of Rs 10/-	14 77	***
[IV]	Investment In Preference Shares		
(i)	Homevista Décor & Furnishings Pvt.Ltd.  17,52,734 Series D2 Compulsory Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares (CCCP)	489,994.32	489,994.32
	with face value of Rs. 20/- per share.  2,57,561 Series E Compulsory Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares (CCCP) with face value of Rs. 20/- per share.	135,809.34	*
(li)	Pepperfry Private Limited (formerly known as M/s. Trendsutra Platform Services		
. 7	Private Limited)  1,47,80,200 Series A Non Cumulative Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares (CCCP) with face value of Rs. 20/- per share	714,770.47	714,770 47
(111)	Home Interiors Designs E-Commerce Pvt.Ltd.		
	9,32,488 Compulsory Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares (CCCP) with face value	186,497,60	186,497.60
(iv)	Finemake Technologies Private Limited  1,354 Preference Shares of face value of Rs.10/	19,995.08	

			(Rs. in '000
BS			(
7.5		As at	As at
		31st March 2022	31st March 202
3	to the state Believe to the state of the sta	(Rs.)	(Rs.)
)	Investment in Debentures Pepperfry Private Limited (formerly known as M/s. Trendsutra Platform Services		
	Private Limited) 1,502 Series A 0.0001% Non Cumulative Compulsory Convertible Debentures of face value of Rs. 10,000/	15,020,00	5
	Total	1,867,926.78	1,443,396.6
-		As at	As at
		31st March 2022 (Rs.)	31st March 2021 (Rs.)
08			
	Financial Assets - Others - Non-Current	0.64	
	Advance Payment of Taxes	0.64	
		-	
	Financial Assets - Cash and Cash Equivalents - Current		
	Cash and Cash Equivalents		
	Cash on Hand	1,58	1.5
	Balance with banks		
	In Current Account	125,496 51	621.8
	Fixed deposits with bank for a period exceeding one year	3,857.17	3,857.1
	TOTAL	129,355 26	4,480 6
	Other current assets		
	Non financial Assets - Others - Current		
3.5		As at	As at
		31st March 2022 (Rs.)	31st March 2021 (Rs.)
	Interest Receivable		
	On fixed deposits	58.53	2.
	Deposit with NSDL	10.00	10.0
	Advance Payment of Taxes	1.86	95.7
	Advance to Suppliers	¥	*
	Total other current assets	70.39	108.4

MADHUMALA VENTURES PVT.LTD.			(Rs. in '000')
		As at 31st March 2022 (Rs.)	As at 31st March 2021 (Rs.)
Share Capital			
Authorised Capital:			
3,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each (300,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each as at 31st March, 2021)		3,000	3,000
	TOTAL	3,000	3,000
Issued Capital:			
2,41,500 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each, fully paid-up (1,75,045 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each as at 31st March, 2021)		2,415	1,750
St.	TOTAL	2,415	1,750
Subscribed and Paid up Capital:			
2,41,500 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each, fully paid-up		2,415	1,750
(1,75,045 Equity Shares of Rs 10 each as at 31st March, 2021)		2,415	1,750

## Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

	Number of Shares	Rs. (In '000')
Balance at 31st March, 2020	162,395	1,624
Add : Issued during the year	12,650	126
Balance at 31st March, 2021	175,045	1,750
Add : Issued during the year	66,455	665
Balance at 31st March, 2022	241,500	2,415

## Terms/ Rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in the proportion of their shareholding,

Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company:

	As at 31st N	As at 31st March 2022		As at 31st March 2021	
	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	during the year
Pidilite Industries Ltd	241,500	100 00%	175,045	100.00%	37_96

MADHUMALA VENTURES PVT.LTD.		(Rs. in '000'
	As at	As at
	31st March 2022	31st March 2021
	(Rs.)	(Rs.)
Other Equity		
	As at	As at
	31st March 2022 (Rs.)	31st March 2021 (Rs.)
General Reserve	11.10	11.10
Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss	77,694.17	77,766 71
Share Premium	1,917,141,35	1,368,223.05
	1,994,846.62	1,446,000.86
General Reserve		
Balance as per last financial statements	11,10	11_10
Closing Balance	11.10	11.10
Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss		
Balance as per last financial statements	77,766.71	85,416.43
Add: Profit / (Loss) for the year	(72.54)	(7,649.72
Closing Balance	77,694.17	77,766.71
Share Premium		
Balance as per last financial statements	1,368,223.05	1,263,354.55
Addition during the year	548,918.30	104,868.50
Closing Balance	1,917,141.35	1,368,223.05

## 9 Financial Liabilities - Trade Payables - Current

8

As at	As at
31st March 2022	31st March 2021
(Rs.)	(Rs.)

Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises

82.95

29.50

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
As at 31-Mar-2022					
(i) Undisputed dues - total outslanding dues of micro enterprises	7-2	34	:50	*	
and small enterprises					
(ii) Undisputed dues - total outstanding dues of creditors other	82 95		30	9	82.95
than micro enterprises small enterprise					
Total	82 95	141	*		82.95

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
As at 31-Mar-2021					
(i) Undisputed dues - total outstanding dues of micro enterprises		2.5	255	- 5	8
and small enterprises					
(ii) Undisputed dues - total outstanding dues of creditors other	29.50	(80)	12		29 50
than micro enterprises small enterprise					
Total	29.50			-	29.50

	MADHUMALA VENTURES PVT.LTD.			
			As at 31st March 2022 (Rs.)	As at 31st March 2021 (Rs.)
10	Non financial Liabilities - Others - Current			
	Statutory Remittances		8.50	5.5
			8.50	
11	Tax Liability - Current			
	(4)		As at 31st March 2022 (Rs.)	As at 31st March 2021 (Rs.)
	Provision for taxation	¥3	Sec	205.0
		TOTAL		205.0

MADHUMALA VENTURES PVT.LTD.		
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022		
	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
	(Rs.)	(Rs.)
Note 12	(110.)	(110.)
Other income		
Interest on bank fixed deposites	251.44	832.30
	251.44	832.30
Note 13		
Other expenses		
Loss from Partnership Firm	(0.05	8,015.20
Bank charges	(1.53	0.22
Profession tax	2.50	2.50
Payments to auditor (refer details below)	<b>(</b> 100.30	41.30
Professional fees	16.52	11.21
Stamp Duty on Shares	111.33	105.00
Depository Service Charges	33.66	23.29
Miscellaneous expenses	9.02	0.30
	274.92	8,199.02
Payments to auditor		
As auditor		
Audit fee	88.50	29.50
In other capacity		
For taxation matters	11.80	11.80
	100.30	41.30
Note 14		
Earnings per share  Computation for both basic and diluted earnings per share of Rs.10/- each		
(previous year Rs. 10/- each):  a. Profit as per statement of profit & loss available for equity shareholders	(72.54)	(7,649.72
<ul> <li>Number of equity shares for basic and diluted earnings per share computation</li> </ul>	241,500	175,045
c. Basic and diluted earnings per share (Rs.)	(0.30)	(43.70
Note 15		

Related party disclosure:

I. Name of related parties and relationship
Pidlitle industries Ltd. - Holds 100% of equity shares of company
Nitin Enterprises - A firm in which Company is a Partner ( Refer Note 3 & 13)

II. Other Directors Sarva Shri P.C. Patel & B.O.Mehta

III. Transaction with Related parties

Particulars	Pidilite Industries Limited			
	31/03/2022	31/03/2021		
(a) Issue and Allotment of shares	549.58	105.00		
(b) Outstanding Trade Payable Balances	3			

#### MADHUMALA VENTURES PVT.LTD.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

#### Note 16

#### (A) Capital Management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that the Group will be able to continue as going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimum utilisation of the equity balance. The capital structure of the Group consists of equity and borrowings of the Group.

#### (B) Categories of Financial Instruments

	As at 31st March-2022	As at 31st March 2021
Financial Assets		
Measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)		
Investments in Preference Shares	17,58,491.11	14,40,034.61
Investments in Debentures	15,020.00	
nvestments in Equity Shares	94,220.39	1,231.00
SELECTION OF THE PROPERTY OF T	18,67,731.49	14,41,265.61
Measured at amortised cost		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,29,355.26	4,480.64
Total Financial Assets	19,97,086.75	14,45,746.25
Financial liabilities		
Measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)		
Derivative liabilities towards foreign exchange forward contracts	8	
Measured at amortised cost (including trade payables)		
Trade Payables	82.95	29.50

#### (C) Financial risk management objectives

The Company's Treasury functions provide services to the business, co-ordinates access to domestic and international financial markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Company through internal risk reports which analyse exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company does not undertakes transactions denominated in foreign currencies; consequently, exposures to exchange rate fluctuations does not arise. The Company does not enter into or trade in financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

#### (D) Market risk

The Company's activities does not expose it to the financial risk of changes in foreign currency exchange rates

### (E) Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. Credit risk arises primarily from financial assets such as trade receivables, investment in preference shares.

The Company has adopted a policy of only dealing with counterparties that have sufficiently high credit rating. The Company's exposure and credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions is reasonably spread amongst the counterparties.

#### (F) Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly at close to its fair value.

The Company has an established liquidity risk management framework for managing its short term, medium term and long term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Company's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of the maturities of financial assets and liabilities. The Company manages the liquidity risk by maintaining adequate funds in cash and cash equivalents. The Company also has adequate credit facilities agreed with banks to ensure that there is sufficient cash to meet all its normal operating commitments in a timely and cost-effective manner.

## (i) Liquidity risk tables

The following tables detail the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its derivative and non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curves at the end of the reporting period.

	Less than 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 years	Total	Carrying Amount
As at 31st March 2022					
Non-interest bearing					
- Trade Payables	82.95			82.95	82.9
	1	9.1			
As at 31st March 2021					
Non-interest bearing					
- Trade Payables	29.50	28		29.50	29.5

#### MADHUMALA VENTURES PVT.LTD.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

#### (G) Fair value measurements

This note provides information about how the Company determines fair values of various financial assets and financial liabilities.

#### (i) Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on recurring basis

Some of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets and financial liabilities are determined (in particular, the valuation technique(s) and inputs used).

Financial assets / financial liabilities	Fair va	Fair value		Valuation technique(s) and key input(s)	
Littaticial assers / Illiancial Habilities	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021			
1) Investment in Preference Shares	Aggregate fair value of Rs. 176 crores	Aggregate fair value of Rs. 144 crores	Level 3	Fair value is derived considering recent financial rounds of investment	
2) Investment in Equity Shares	Aggregate fair value of Rs.9 crores	Aggregate fair value of Rs. 0.12 crores	Level 3	Fair value is derived considering recent financial rounds of investment	
3) Investment in Debentures	Aggregate fair value of Rs. 1.5 crores		Level 3	Fair value is derived considering recent financial rounds of investment	

#### ( ii) Financial instruments measured at amortised cost

The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost in the financial statements are a reasonable approximation of their fair values since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amounts would be significantly different from the values that would eventually be received or settled.

#### Note 17

The following are analytical ratios for the year ended 31st March 2022 and 31st March 2021:-

Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Current Ratio	Current assets	Current liabilities	28.20	19.57
Return on equity ratio	Profit after tax	Average Shareholders fund		0.01
Trade payablesturnover ratio	Cost of goods sold	Average creditors	4.89	6.23
Return on captial employeed	Profit before income tax	Average capital employeed	(S)	(0.01)

## Note 18

Tax provision is made as per Income tax act.

#### Note 19

Corporate Social Responsibility

The company doesn't meet the eligibility criteria as per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013,

#### Note 20

There are no cases of any undisclosed Income in the financial statements.

#### Note 2

As per the terms of working capital sanctioned by the bank, the company has submitted the books debts and stock statement on monthly basis to Bank. Further the book debts and stock statements submitted to the bank are in agreement with the books of accounts and there are no discrepancies in the same.

#### MADHUMALA VENTURES PVT.LTD.

#### Note 22

The company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(les), including foreign entities (intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the intermediary.

- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

#### Note 23

The company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entitles (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall

- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entitles identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

#### Note 24

There are no delays in registrations of any charges or satisfactions with the Registrar of Companies.

#### Note 25

The company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current year and previous year.

#### Note 2

The company has not entered any transactions in companies that were struck off under the relevant sections of the Companies Act 2013.

#### Note 27

The company doesn't have any borrowings from banks or financial institutions.

#### Note 28

The company has not given any loans and advance to Promoters, Directors, KMPs or Related parties.

#### Note 2

No proceedings have been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benaml property under the Benami Transactions (Act, 1988 45 of 1988 the Rules made thereunder.

#### Note 30

Company is not being declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.

#### Note 31

Previous period's figures are regrouped to make them comparable with those of the current period, wherever applicable.

#### Note 3

## Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved for issue by the board of directors on 10th May 2022.