PIL Trading Egypt (L.L.C)

AUDITOR'S REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED AT 31 March 2018

Yasser Ibrahim&Co
Strategy Financial Advisors
Certified Accountants & Consultants

PIL Trading Egypt (L.L.C.) Financial statement and auditor report For the year ended at 31 March 2018

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Auditor's Report Independent Auditor's Report to the Management of PIL Trading EGYPT

To: The Quota Holders' Of PIL Trading EGYPT - (L.L.C)

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **PIL TRADING EGYPT - (L.L.C)**- which comprise the financial position as of 31 March 2018, income statement, statement of changes in quota holders' equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Company's management responsibility for the financial statements

Company's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standards and with the requirements of applicable Egyptian laws and regulations. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Egyptian Standards on Auditing. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments; the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of 31 March 2018, financial performance and of its cash flows for the period then ended in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standards and with the requirements of applicable Egyptian laws and regulations.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

The Company keeps proper financial records, which includes all that is required by the law and the Company's statute, and the accompanying financial statements are in agreement therewith, the Company applies a proper costing system and the inventory counts were taken in accordance with recognized practices.

The financial information included in the director' report prepared in accordance with law no159 of 1981 and its executive regulations, is in agreement with the company's book of account

Amr Arafa Hassan

Amk Anapa

Member of Egyptian society of taxation Registered Accountants and Auditor No. 201

Yasser Ibrahim & Co Strategy Financial Advisors

Cairo, 30 April, 2018

	Note	31 March 2018	31 March 2017
Non- current Assets	No.	EGP	EGP
Fixed Assets (Net book value)	(3)	28 171	56 252
Deferred Tax Asset		_	31 309
Total Non-Current Assets	_	28 171	87 561
Current Assets			
Inventory	(4)	2 216 217	2 411 288
Account Receivables	(5)	1 856 702	1 262 135
Other receivables and prepayments	(6)	1 376 006	1 399 652
Cash and cash equivalents	(7)	2 161 965	2 772 474
Total Current Assets		7 610 890	7 845 548
Total Assets		7 639 061	7 933 109
Partners' Equity			
Paid up capital	(8)	5 440 000	5 440 000
Retained losses		(8 762 763)	(5 318 978)
Net loss for the year		(962 527)	(3 443 785)
Total Partners' Equity		(4 285 290)	(3 322 763)
Current Liabilities			
Trade Payables	(9)	10 108 344	10 189 967
Other Payables	(10)	1 774 023	1 065 906
Total Current Liabilities		11 882 367	11 255 873
Non-current Liabilities			
Deferred Tax Liability		41 984	- 5
Total Non-current Liabilities		41 984	_
Total liabilities		11 924 351	11 255 873
Total Partners' Equity and Liabilities		7 639 061	7 933 110

The accompanying policies and the note from page (8) to page (17) form an integral part of these financial statements.

Abdellatif Mohamed Financial Controller

Mohamed Mowafi General Manager

Auditor's Report issued on 30 April, 2018

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PIL TRADING (EGYPT) L.L.C
INCOME STATEMENT
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

	Note	From 1 April 2017 To 31 March 2018	From 1 April 2016 To 31 March 2017
	No.	EGP	EGP
Sales		9,087,258	10,455,437
Cost of Sales		(6,891,249)	(7,500,978)
Gross Profit		2,196,010	2,954,459
Selling & Marketing Expenses	(11)	(2,672,592)	(1,389,669)
General & Administrative Expenses	(12)	(603,564)	(378,454)
Allowance for doubtful debts		(14,133)	(66,427)
Profit / (Loss) on Foreign Exchange		83,886	(4,540,137)
Bad Debt		62,170	(58,703)
Other income		58,989	-
Net Loss for the year before tax		(889,234)	(3,478,931)
Deferred Tax		(73,293)	35,146
Net Loss for the year after tax		(962,527)	(3,443,785)

The accompanying policies and the note from page (8) to page (17) form an integral part of these financial statements.

PIL TRADING (EGYPT) L.L.C OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

	From 1 April 2017 To 31 March 2018 EGP	From 1 April 2016 To 31 March 2017 EGP
Net loss after income tax	(962 527)	(3 443 785)
Other comperhensive Income	-	-
Total comperhensive Income for the year	(962 527)	(3 443 785)

PIL TRADING (EGYPT) L.L.C STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN QUOTA HOLDERS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

	Paid up Capital	Net (loss)	Retained losses	Total
	EGP	EGP	EGP	EGP
Balance at 31 March 2016	5,440,000	(406,461)	(4,912,517)	121,022
Transfer to Retained Loss	1	406,461	(406,461)	(0)
Net Loss for the year	-	(3,443,785)		(3,443,785)
Balance at 31 March 2017	5,440,000	(3,443,785)	(5,318,978)	(3,322,763)
Transfer to Retained Loss	1	3,443,785	(3,443,785)	1
Net loss for the year	1	(962,527)		(962,527)
Balance at 31 March 2018	5,440,000	(962,527)	(8,762,763)	(4,285,291)

PIL TRADING (EGYPT) L.L.C STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

	From 1 April 2017	From 1 April 2016
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net (loss) for the year before Tax	(889,234)	(3,478,931)
Depreciation	40,536	34,588
Operating (loss) before changes in working capital	(848,698)	(3,444,343)
Change in working capital		
Change in inventories	195,071	228,848
Change in trade receivables and prepayments	(570,921)	(756, 324)
Change in creditors and other payable	626,494	5,666,498
Cash flows generated from (used in) operating activities	250,645	5,139,022
Cash flows from investing activities		
Payment in respect of purchasing fixed assets	(12,455)	<u>-</u>
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(12,455)	-
Change in cash and cash equivalents during the year	(610,508)	1,694,679
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	2,772,474	1,077,795
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	2,161,965	2,772,474

PIL TRADING EGYPT (L.L.C)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE

FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

1. GENERAL

1-1 The Company was established as a Limited liability company, The Company was registered In the Investment Commercial Registry under no. 40376 on July 30, 2009

1-2 The objectives of the company are:

Trading in all types of building chemicals, paints and adhesive materials.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2-1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the going concern assumption on a historical cost basis, except for available for sale financial assets that have been measured at fair value.

2-2 Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company have been prepared in accordance with the Egyptian accounting standards and the applicable laws and regulations.

The Financial Statements are authorized for issue by The Board of Directors.

2-3 Changes in accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted this year are consistent with those of the previous year.

2-4 Foreign currency translation

The financial statements are prepared and presented in Egyptian pound, which is the company's functional currency.

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded using the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated using the exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date.

2-5 Fixed assets and depreciation

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment when that cost is incurred, if the recognition criteria are met. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred, and this cost depreciated with similar annual premium during the producing life of each asset according to the following rates:

Furniture & Fixtures	20 %
Computer	33 %
Automobiles	25%

PIL TRADING EGYPT (L.L.C) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

Depreciation of an asset begins when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, and is computed using the straight-line method according to the estimated useful life of the asset.

2-6 The inventory elements are valued as follows:

Finished products: at the lower of the cost of production (based on the costing sheets) or net realizable value.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The amount of any write down of inventories to net realizable value and all losses of inventories shall be recognized in the statement of income in the year the write down or loss occurs according to an authorized study takes into consideration all technical and market bases to estimate any write down. The amount of any reversal of any write down of inventories, arising from an increase in net realizable value, shall be recognized in the statement of income in the year in which the reversal occurs.

2-7 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Provisions are reviewed at the financial position date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

2-8 Revenue recognition

Revenue from sales is recognized when all the following conditions have been satisfied:

- (a) The company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the sales;
- (b) The company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- (c) The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- (d) It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company; and
- (e) The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

PIL TRADING EGYPT (L.L.C)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

2-9 Expenses

All expenses including operating expenses, general and administrative expenses and other expenses are recognized and charged to the statement of income in the financial year in which these expenses were incurred.

2-10 Accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses during the financial years. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

2-11 Statement of cash flows

The statement of cash flows is prepared using the indirect method.

2-12 Cash and cash equivalent

For the purpose of preparing the cash flow statement, the cash and cash equivalent comprise cash on hand, current accounts with banks and time deposits maturing within three months less bank credit balance.

2-13 Subsequent Event

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Egyptian accounting standard requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities in future periods.

PIL TRADING (EGYPT) L.L.C

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

3. Fixed Assets

	Furniture & Fixtures	Automobiles and Trucks	Computer	Total
	L.E.	L.E.	LE	L.E.
Cost at 1 April 2017	5,193	128,000	4,648	137,841
Additions for the year	3,759	ı	8,696	12,455
Balance at 31 March 2018	8,952	128,000	13,344	150,296
Accumulated Depreciation			2	
Depreciation at 1 April 2017	4,859	73,337	3,393	81,589
Depreciation for the Year	4,092	32,000	4,444	40,536
Balance at 31 March 2018	8,951	105,337	7,837	122,125
Net book value at 31 March 2018	1	22,663	5,507	28,171
Net book value at 31 March 2017	334	54,663	1,255	56,252

	EGP	EGP
Note 4 : Inventory		
Inventory	1 635 899	2 005 406
Provision for Inventories	(160 483)	(267 509)
Net Inventory	1 475 416	1 737 897
Finished Good In transit	740 801	673 391
	2 216 217	2 411 288
Note 5 : Trade receivables		
	31 March 2018	31 March 2017
	EGP	EGP
Trade Receivables		
Secured	=	-
Unsecured	2 096 328	1 563 931
Provision for doubtful trade receivables	(239 626)	(301 796)
Total trade receivables	1 856 702	1 262 135
Trade receivables from:		
Others	1 453 514	1 563 931
Related Parties	642 814	-
Total	2 096 328	1 563 931
Current	2 096 328	1 563 931
Note 1/5 :Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts		
Balance at beginning of the year - April 1, 2017/2016	301 796	243 093
a) Impairment losses recognised in the year	-	-
On receivables originated in the year	-	125 130
Other receivables	- ·	-
Allowance for instruments modified in the year	- BASE	Ξ.
Amounts written off during the year as uncollectible	(62 170)	(66 427)
Amounts recovered during the year		-
Impairment losses reversed		_
Balance at end of the year - March 31, 2018 / 2017	239 626	301 796

31 March 2018 31 March 2017

EGP

EGP

The company has writen off bad debts by EGP 62170 in 2017-2018. The company has writen off bad debts by EGP 66,427 in 2016-2017.

31 March 2018	31 March 2017
EGP	EGP
-	
486 566	882 617
471 126	168 516
240 450	196 031
159 414	146 037
12 000	-
6 451	6 451
1 376 006	1 399 652
	486 566 471 126 240 450 159 414 12 000 6 451

	31 March 2018 EGP	31 March 2017 EGP
Note 7 : Cash and cash equivalents	1,945,820	2,650,228
Bank EGP		89,546
Bank USD	191,692	,
Cash	24,452	32,699
	2,161,965	2,772,474

Note 8 : Capital

Name of the quota-holder	No of quotas	Value of quotas	% quota
	EGP	EGP	EGP
Pidilite Industries Egypt SAE	54 399	5 439 900	99.998%
Khaild EL Khatib	1	100	0.002%
Maild LE Mails	54 400	5 440 000	100%

	31 March 2018 EGP	31 March 2017 EGP
Note 9 : Trade payables Accounts Payable	1 330 806	5 461 622
Intercomany Accounts Payable	8 777 538	4 728 345
,	10 108 344	10 189 967

	31 March 2018 EGP	31 March 2017 EGP
Note 10: Other payables		
Accrued Expenses	319 860	258 407
Accrued payroll	22 000	1 814
Social Insurance Authority	12 519	7 864
Withholding Tax - Suppliers	10 782	6 880
Payroll Tax Authority	4 899	5 786
Additional Tax	1 097	1 097
Notes payable	1,402,867	784,057
	1 774 023	1 065 906
	From	From
	1 April 2017 To	1 April 2016 To
	31 March 2018	31 March 2017
Note 11 : Selling & Marketing Expenses	EGP	EGP
Staff Salary Expenses	788 788	612 259
Freight out charges	648 059	245 867
Miscellaneous expenses	373 805	7 478
Rent Walfarra	195 022	98 130
Employee Welfare	169 638	76 995
Sales Promotion	216 906	177 275
Social Insurance	53 153	40.040
Repairs and Maintenance	30 137	12 010
Insurance	23 147	17 835
Printing & Stationary	9 605	4 712
Travel and Entertainment	137 118	103 574
Telephone and Fax	26 694	19 289
Logistics Expenses	520	14 245
	2 672 592	1 389 669
	From 1 April 2017 To EGP	From 1 April 2016 To EGP
Note 12 : General & administrative expenses		
Professional Fees legal and others	93 710	75 499
Staff Salary Expenses	100 493	41 588
Social Insurance	35 276	69 411
Bank Charges	77 103	38 386
Rent	64 998	62 100
Employee Welfare	71 167	10 111
Other admin expenses	66 039	7 568
Depreciation	40 537	34 588
Repairs and Maintenance	1 975	3 053
Travel	22 594	14 526
Telephone and Fax	11 672	4 492
Insurance	· ·	2 383
Audit Fees	18 000	14 750

603 564

378 454

Note 12-1 : Audit Fees			From 1 April 2017 To 31 March 2018 EGP	From 1 April 2016 To 31 March 2017 EGP
Audit Fees			18 000	14 750
			18 000	14 750
Note 14 : Deferred Tax	_ ,		31 March 2018 EGP	31 March 2017 EGP
Tax effect of items constituting Deferred Tax Lia	oilities			
On difference between book and tax depreciation			(17 400)	(2 251)
Tax effect of items constituting Deferred Tax Liabilitie	es		(17 400)	(2 251)
Tax effect of items constituting Deferred Tax Ass Provision for inventory			(107 026)	16 273
Provision for Doubtful Debts			(62 170)	125 130
Tax effect of items constituting Deferred Tax Assets			(169 196)	141 403
Tax rate of the year			22.5%	22.5%
TOTAL NET Deferred Tax Assets/(Liability)			(41 984)	31 309
			From 1 April 2017 To 31 March 2018	From 1 April 2016 To 31 March 2017
Reconciliation between accounting and Tax Prof	it		1 April 2017 To 31 March 2018	1 April 2016 To 31 March 2017
Reconciliation between accounting and Tax Profit Book Profit (loss) before tax Add back Illustrative items: Book depreciation Inventory provision Bad debts provision Deduct Illustrative items: Tax depreciation	it		1 April 2017 To 31 March 2018 EGP (889 234) - - 40 537 (107 026) (62 170)	1 April 2016 To 31 March 2017 EGP (3 478 931) - - 34 588 125 130 16 273
Book Profit (loss) before tax Add back Illustrative items: Book depreciation Inventory provision Bad debts provision Deduct Illustrative items:	it		1 April 2017 To 31 March 2018 EGP (889 234) - - 40 537 (107 026)	1 April 2016 To 31 March 2017 EGP (3 478 931) - - 34 588 125 130
Book Profit (loss) before tax Add back Illustrative items: Book depreciation Inventory provision Bad debts provision Deduct Illustrative items:	7		1 April 2017 To 31 March 2018 EGP (889 234) 	1 April 2016 To 31 March 2017 EGP (3 478 931) - - 34 588 125 130 16 273
Book Profit (loss) before tax Add back Illustrative items: Book depreciation Inventory provision Bad debts provision Deduct Illustrative items: Tax depreciation Adjustments recognised in the current year in relation tax of prior years Tax Profit (loss) before tax	7		1 April 2017 To 31 March 2018 EGP (889 234) - - 40 537 (107 026) (62 170) (23 136) (1 083 013)	1 April 2016 To 31 March 2017 EGP (3 478 931) - 34 588 125 130 16 273 (18 000) (3 289 631)
Book Profit (loss) before tax Add back Illustrative items: Book depreciation Inventory provision Bad debts provision Deduct Illustrative items: Tax depreciation Adjustments recognised in the current year in relation tax of prior years	n to the current	018	1 April 2017 To 31 March 2018 EGP (889 234)	1 April 2016 To 31 March 2017 EGP (3 478 931)
Book Profit (loss) before tax Add back Illustrative items: Book depreciation Inventory provision Bad debts provision Deduct Illustrative items: Tax depreciation Adjustments recognised in the current year in relation tax of prior years Tax Profit (loss) before tax	n to the current		1 April 2017 To 31 March 2018 EGP (889 234)	1 April 2016 To 31 March 2017 EGP (3 478 931)
Book Profit (loss) before tax Add back Illustrative items: Book depreciation Inventory provision Bad debts provision Deduct Illustrative items: Tax depreciation Adjustments recognised in the current year in relation tax of prior years Tax Profit (loss) before tax Note 15: Transactions in Foreign Currencies	n to the current 2017-2 USD	Local	1 April 2017 To 31 March 2018 EGP (889 234)	1 April 2016 To 31 March 2017 EGP (3 478 931)
Book Profit (loss) before tax Add back Illustrative items: Book depreciation Inventory provision Bad debts provision Deduct Illustrative items: Tax depreciation Adjustments recognised in the current year in relation tax of prior years Tax Profit (loss) before tax	n to the current		1 April 2017 To 31 March 2018 EGP (889 234)	1 April 2016 To 31 March 2017 EGP (3 478 931)

Note 16 : Contingent Liabilities & Commitments

There are no contingent liability on the company at the date of preparation of the financial statements at 31st, March 2018.