INCORPORATED IN THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA WITH LIMITED LIABILITY

AUDITORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018 (FOR TRANSLATION ONLY)

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AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF AND MEMBERS OF PIDILITE INDUSTRIES TRADING (SHANGHAI) CO.,LTD.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Pidilite Industries Trading (Shanghai) Co.Ltd. as of April 1,2017- March 31, 2018((hereinafter referred to as "Company"), which comprise the balance sheets, the income statement, cash flow and the changes in equity for the year then ended, as well as a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. These financial statements have been agreed upon by the Company's management and SHANGHAI ZHONGQINWANXIN CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS based on the first part of the engagement letter signed on March 31, 2018.

Responsibility of management

Management is responsible for the financial reporting requirements in accordance with the first part of the engagement letter, preparation of financial statements and is responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of the necessary internal controls, in order to make the financial statements that are free of material misstatement due to fraud or error.

II. Responsibility of auditors

Our responsibility is to express an audit opinion on the financial statements on the basis of the implementation of the audit work. We performed audit work in accordance with the provisions of the Certified Public Accountants Auditing Standards. Chinese Certified Public Accountants Auditing Standards require that we comply with the Code of Ethics of Certified Public Accountants and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence related to the financial statements of the amounts and disclosures. The selected procedures depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements due to fraud or error. During the risk assessment, considering of Certified Public Accountants and financial statement preparation and fair presentation of the relevant internal control, CPA designs appropriate audit procedures, but not the purpose of the effectiveness of internal controls to express their views.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

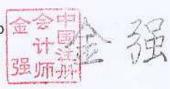
We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

III. Audit opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of Pidilite Industries Trading (Shanghai) Co.,Ltd. as of March 31, 2018, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the requirements of both the Accounting Standards and Accounting Regulations for Business Enterprises.

SHANGHAI ZHONGQINWANXIN CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS CO.,LTD

Date: April 12, 2018





BALANCE SHEET AS OF MARCH 31, 2018

(CURRENCY: RMB)

ASSETS	NOTES	2018.3.31	2017.3.31
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and bank balance	6.1	139,854.38	1,101,125.67
Amount due from related company	6.2	1,112,732.47	569,444.79
Other receivables	6.3	33,493.12	7,992.00
Deferred expenses	6.4	92,705.00	4,870.00
VAT receivable		16,946.22	3,815.24
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		1,395,731.19	1,687,247.70
FDED ASSETS			
Fixed assets - cost	6.5	20,417.10	20,417.10
Less: accumulated depreciation	6.5	18,375.39	18,375.39
FIXED ASSETS - NET VALUE		2,041.71	2,041.71
Long-term deferred expenses		*	*
TOTAL ASSETS		1,397,772.90	1,689,289.41
			(continued)

The annexed Notes form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

The financial statements on pages 2 to 12 were signed by the following:

General Manager

Accounting Manager

BALANCE SHEET (continued) AS OF MARCH 31, 2018

(CURRENCY: RMB)

LIABILITIES AND OWNER'S EQUITY	NOTES	2018.3.31	2017.3.31
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	6.6	11,950.00	11,950.00
Advance from customers	6.7	98,405.62	193,235.59
Tax payable	6.8	361.42	23,818.86
Accrued expenses	6.9	3,770.00	200.00
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		114,487.04	229,204.45
TOTAL LIABILITIES		114,487.04	229,204.45
DWNER'S EQUITY			
Paid-in capital	6.10	958,005.00	958,005.00
Accumulated profit	6.11	325,280.86	502,079.96
TOTAL OWNER'S EQUITY		1,283,285.86	1,460,084.96
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND OWNER'S EQUITY		1,397,772.90	1,689,289.41
			(concluded)

The annexed Notes form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

INCOME STATEMENT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

(CURRENCY: RMB)

			(
	NOTES	2017.4.1-2018.3.31	2016.4.1-2017.3.31
Export sales	6.12	438,482.22	1,968,976.17
Less: Export Cost	6.12	337,027.55	1,310,229.60
Add: Other Revenue	6.12	543,287.68	382,419.38
Gross profit		644,742.35	1,041,165.95
Less: Operating expenses		necessary When	
General and administrative expenses	6.13	833,826.15	830,784.31
Financial expenses (income)	6.14	11,355.16	(26,016.96)
Income from operations		(200,438.96)	236,398.60
#dd: Subsidy income			* /
Add: Non-operating incomes		S * 3	
Non-operating expenses		240	+
Income before tax		(200,438.96)	236,398.60
Less: Income tax	6.15	(23,639.86)	92,261.25
Net income for the period		(176,799.10)	144,137.35

The annexed Notes form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

		(CURRENCY: RMB)
	2017.4.1-2018.3.31	2016.4.1-2017.3.31
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
received from sales of goods or rendering of services	343,652.25	1,931,582.65
Other cash received relating to operating activities	4,918.05	2,041.92
Sub-total of cash inflows	348,570.30	1,933,624.57
Cash paid for goods and services	424,862.55	1,302,599.60
Cash paid to and on behalf of employees	229,196.70	176,274.53
Tax paid	4,014.21	68,442.39
Other cash paid relating to operating activities	642,311.83	661,568.35
Sub-total of cash outflows	1,300,385.29	2,208,884.87
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	(951,814.99)	(275,260.30)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets Sub-total of cash inflows	-	
Cash paid to acquire fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets		
Sub-total of cash outflows	(4)	
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities	-	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from investors		
Sub-total of cash inflows	•	
Cash repayments for amounts borrowed		\$ 3 0
Cash payments for distribution of dividends, interest expenses		2
Sub-total of cash outflows		72
Net Cash Flows from Financing Activities	141	· VX
Effect of Foreign Exchange Rate Changes on Cash	(9,456.30)	26,863.61
NET INCREASE IN CASH	(961,271.29)	(248,396.69)
Add:Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	1,101,125.67	1,349,522.36
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	139,854.38	1,101,125.67
The second secon		(continued)

The annexed Notes form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

	Share capital	Surplus reserve	Retained earnings	Total
	(Rmb)	(Rmb)	(Rmb)	(Rmb)
Balance at 1 April 2017	958,005.00		502,079.96	1,460,084.96
Profit for the year	-	(#)	(176,799.10)	(176,799.10)
Issue of share capital		- 1-5	1171	
Balance at 31 March 2018	958,005.00	19	325,280.86	1,283,285.86

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

ECIMPANY BACKGROUND AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Pidilite Industries Trading (Shanghai) Co.,Ltd.(the "Company") was established in Shanghai, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") by PIDILITE INTERNATIONAL PTE.LTD. as a wholly foreign owned enterprise on November 22, 2010 and obtained the business license numbered 91310000564784808W.The registered capital of the Company was USD150,000,the legal representative is Amol Devidas Ubhayakar.

The main business of the company is Wholesale, commission agency (excluding auction) and import & export of adhesive, sealants, construction and paint chemicals (except dangerous goods), automotive chemicals, art materials, industrial and textile resins, leather chemicals, organic pigments and preparations, coating, emulsion paints, bitumen based waterproofing products, intermediate chemicals and provision of the associated repair and maintenance services, technical consultancy relating to such products (the commodities herein exclude the ones which are subject to state operated trade administration; where an administrative quota/license is required for such commodities, such quota/license shall be obtained in accordance with the applicable regulations) (where an administrative approval is required for such business, such administrative approval shall be obtained).

2. Reparation of financial statements

These financial statements are prepared based on both the Accounting Standards and Accounting Regulations for Business Enterprises.

3. Declaration

These financial statements conform the Accounting Standards and Accounting Regulations for bossiness Enterprises, which veritably and integrally reflects the financial position, results from operation, cash flow and other information related.

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4.1 Accounting system and accounting standards adopted

The Company has adopted the "Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises", the "Accounting System for Business Enterprises" and the supplementary regulations thereto.

Basis of accounting and principles of measurement

The Company has adopted the accrual basis of accounting and uses the historical cost convention as the principle of measurement. Where an impairment loss should be recognized, the impairment loss is recognized in accordance with the applicable accounting standards.

4.2 Accounting period

The Company's accounting period starts on 1 April and ends on 31 March.

4.3 Reporting currency

The Company uses the Renminbi (RMB) as its reporting currency.

4.4 Accounting and pricing basis

Accrual basis accounting is adopted and the value of all assets are to be recorded on historical costs,

4.5 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into RMB at the applicable rate of exchange ("market exchange rate") prevailing at the time of occurrence of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated into RMB at the exchange rates prevailing in the market at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising from these translations are taken to the profit and loss account.

4.5 Cash equivalents

case equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant ask of changes in value.

4.7 Provision for bad debts

a. Criteria for recognition of bad debts

Sad debt is recognized when debtors are bankrupt or dead, or accounts are overdue for more than two years or circumstances of debtors indicate uncollectability of the overdue balances.

b. Provision for bad debts are provided for using "provision method".

c. The Company makes provision for specific doubtful accounts in respect of overdue balances of accounts receivables and other receivables when circumstances of financial status and cash flow of debtors at each period end indicate doubtful collection. When the bad debt is actually recognized after appropriate approval procedures, the balances are written off against provision.

4.8 Inventory costing method

a. Classification of inventory Inventories are classified as commodities.

. Inventory costing and pricing method

Inventories are accounted for using actual costing method which is determined by using the transactional weighted average method.

Inventory system

The Company adopts perpetual inventory system as its inventory system.

Recognition and provision for loss on realization of inventories

Inventory is carried at the lower of cost or net realizable value. A provision for inventory has been made based on the excess of the original cost of the inventory over its net realizable value.

Fixed assets and depreciation

Criteria for recognition of fixed assets

Building, properties, machinery and equipment, motor vehicles, toolings, etc. used in the production process and with estimated useful lives of more than I year are accounted as fixed assets. Other equipment of more than RMB 2,000 in value and with estimated useful lives of 2 years or more are also recorded as fixed assets.

Classification of fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost and classified as vehicles, office and other equipment.

Recognition and impairment provision for fixed assets

At each year end after inspection of each fixed asset, if the recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount due to continually decreasing market value, or technology obsolescence, damages or long-term idle assets, an impairment provision is made based on the difference of each fixed asset.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of each category of fixed assets over their estimated useful lives from the month after they are put into operation. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each category of the fixed assets as follows:

Category of fixed assets	Estimated useful life	Residual Value	depreciation
Electronic equipment	3 years	10%	30%

4.10 Revenue recognition

Revenue from the sale of goods

Revenue for the sale of goods are recognized when all the following conditions have been satisfied: I) the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have been transferred to buyers; ii) neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold are retained by the Company; iii) it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; (v) and the relevant amount of revenue and costs can be measured reliably.

4.33 Accounting method for income tax

tax is provided under the tax effect accounting method. The income tax provision is calculated based on the accounting results for the year as in accordance with the relevant tax laws. Due to different recognition periods for revenue, expenses and losses under the tax rules and accounting requirements, there are timing differences between accounting profit before tax and taxable income. The tax effect of timing differences, computed under the liability method, is recognized as deferred tax in the financial statements. However, a deferred tax debit resulting from timing deernotes is recognized and presented as a deferred debit only if sufficient taxable income is expected during the period of their reversal. Otherwise, the offerences are treated as if they were permanent differences.

5. Taxation

5% of taxable business revenue. 5.1 Business tax 5.2 VAT

17% VAT is calculated based on revenue and sales of goods 5.3 Income tax

25% of taxable income.

Corporate tax standard rate is 25%, small low-profit enterprise will have 5% tax deduction; And there is prefernitial tax policy valid from 1 OCT, 2015 to 31st Dec. 2017 for small low-profit enterprise which the profit is from RMB 200000--RMB 300000 ,the tax rate is 10%

5.30	les to the financial statements					
5.1	Cash				2018.3.31	2017.3.31
	5. S. W. S.S.				RMB	RMB
	Cash on hand Cash in bank				1,759.36	5,690.80
	Total			5	138,095.02 139,854.38	1,095,434.87 1,101,125.67
62	Accounts receivable					
		.¥7			2018.3.31	2017.3.31
	Amount due from related company-Pidilite Ind	ustries Ltd			RMB	RMB
	Total				1,112,732.47 1,112,732.47	569,444.79 569,444.79
5.3	Other receivables					
					2018.3.31	2017.3,31
	The deposit				RMB 8,490.00	RMB // 7,992.00
	Export refund	12		-	25,003.12	7,592,00
	Total				33,493.12	7,992.00
5.4	Deferred expenses					
					2018.3.31	2017.3.31
	Advance to Vendor				RMB	RMB
	Total			-	92,705.00	4,870,00 4,870,00
65	Fixed assets and accumulated depreciation			-	349 03100	1,070.00
				055		1200
	Cost			Office RMB		Total RMB
	At April. 1, 2017 Additions Disposals			20,417.10		20,417.10
	At March, 31, 2018		100	20,417.10	_	20,417.10
	Accumulated depreciation At April. 1, 2017			22.750		
	Provided for the year Eliminated on disposals			18,375.39		18,375.39
	At March. 31, 2018			18,375.39	-	18,375.39
	Net value		*	20121 2122	-	10,373.39
	At April. 1, 2017			2,041.71		2,041.71
	At March, 31, 2018			2,041.71		2,041.71
5.5	Accounts payable					
					2018.3.31	2017.3,31
	Audit fee				RMB	RMB
	Total			100	11,950.00 11,950.00	11,950.00 11,950.00
5.7	Advance from customers					
		1			2018.3.31	2017,3.31
	Advance received from Customer				RMB 98,405.62	RMB 193,235,59
	Total				98,405.62	193,235.59
5.8	Tax payable				100000-00000-0	
	******				2018.3.31 RMB	2017,3.31 RMB
	Individual income tax Income tax				361,42	179.00 23,639.86
	Total			(a <u></u>	70.00	2,49,632,53
					361.42	23.818.86

5.5	Accrued expenses			
			3.3.31 MB	2017,3.31 RMB
			3,770,00	200.00
	Express courier Total		3,770.00	200.00
9.30	Paid in capital	PIDILITE I	INTERNATIONA	L PTE,LTD.
		US\$	%	RMB Equivalent
	424 423 7047	150,000.00	100%	958,005.00
	At 1 April 2017 At 31 March 2018	150,000.00	100%	958,005.00
	The above capital contributed by the investors have been verified by Chinese Certified Public Accountants.			
5.11	Accumulated profit			- 7
		201	8.3.31	2017.3.31
			MB	RMB
	At 1 April		502,079.96 176,799.10)	357,942.61 144,137.35
	Add: Net profit for the period	-3	170,799,10)	144,137.33
	Less: Net loss for the period adjustment of prior years		- 3	
	At 31 March		325,280.86	502,079.96
	24,34 (1003)	-		
5.12	Export sales			
			8.3.31	2017.3.31
			8M8	RMB
	Export sales		438,482.22	1,968,976.17
	Less: Export Cost		337,027.55	1,310,229.60
	Add: Other Revenue Total		543,287.68 644,742.35	382,419.38 1,041,165.95
			7	
5.13	General and administrative expenses	2017.4.1	1-2018.3.31	2016.4.1-2017.3.31
		1	RMB	RMB
	Salaries		144,839.60	123,314.37
	Welfare expense		84,357.13	52,960.16
	Office supplies		11,737.06	9,205.18
	Telephone fee		6,390.40	8,810.10
	Express fee		38,232,21	53,216.46
	Freight Charge		2,995.50	36,710.13
	Service fee		68,188.19	95,517.96
	Rental fee		169,776.10	176,149.40
	Energy fee		2,388.80	2,554.23
	Entertainment fee		89,226.80	74,928.52
	Truffic fee		57,196.13	35,287.11
	Gas fee			2,000,00
	Travel fee		112,017.59	93,173.88
	Parking fee		100	3,056.00 6,865.00
	Translation fee		205.90	0,000.00
	Tax Expenses		30,616.10	33,384.79
	Other misc expenses		11,273.59	22,497.17
	Audit fee Sample Fee		4,385.05	1,153.85 830,784.31
	Total	Y 	833,826.15	830,784.31
5.14	Financial expenses			
			1-2018.3.31 RMB	2016,4.1-2017,3.31 RMB
	#25/8332+U3925		(1,348.05)	(2,041.92)
	Interest income		9,456.30	(26,863.61)
	Foreign exchange (profits) loss			2,888.57
	Bank charge	16	3,246.91	(26,016.96)
	Total		11,355.16	[20,010,90]

5.15 Income tax

2017.4.1-2018.3.31 2016.4.1-2017.3.31 RMB RMB (23,639.86) 92,261.25 (23,639.86) 92,261.25

Total

A Plant balance sheet events and non-adjusted events

to be reporting date, the Company has no post balance sheet events and non-adjusted events occurred which will influence the fair presentation of the

somer important events

The reporting period, there are no other important events occurred which influence the fair presentation of the Financial Statements.